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NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

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The Daily, containing the latest telegraphic news, is published every day except Mondays. The Weekly i spublished on Saturdays.

TIME TABLES.

Time of Arrival and Departure of Trains at Reno.

ARRIVES	TRAIN.	DEPARTS
	SOUTHERN PACIFIC.	
8:35 p. m.	No. 1, Eastbound Express	8:45 p. m.
8:00 a. m.	No. 3, Eastbound fast mail	8:10 a. m.
8:00 a. m	No. 2, Westbound Express	8:10 a. m.
9:20 p. m.	No. 4, Westbound fast mail	9:30 p m.
	VIRGINIA & TRUCKEE.	
	..No. 1, Virginia Express	8:15 a. m.
8:00 p. m.	..No. 2, San Fran. Express	
	..No. 3, Local Passenger..	1:35 p. m
11:40 a m.	..No. 4, Local Passenger..	
	N.-C.-O. RY.	
	...Express and Freight...	8:40 a.m.
4.15 p. m.	...Express and Freight...	

Time o Arrival and Departure o Mails at Reno.

MAIL	ARRIVES	CLOSES.
San Francisco, Sacramento and points in California and Oregon	8:15 a. m. / 9:05 p. m.	8:00 p. m. / 9:30 p. m.
Ogden, all Eastern points	9:15 p. m.	8:00 a. m.
Carson, Virginia and all Southern points	8:55 p. m.	8:00 a. m
Susanville and all points north	4:15 p. m.	8:00 a.

Buffalo Meadows and Sheephead mail arrives every Thursday at 4:15 P. M. and close every Friday at 8:00 A. M.

& T. locked pouch from Virginia and Carson arrives at 11:45 A. M.; mail for same closes at 1:30 P. M.

Postoffice Hours:

From 9:00 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M.

FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.

All classes of egitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column at 50 cents per week.

Wagons for Sale.

J J, Becker has one four-horse and one two-horse wagon for sale at a bargain. The wagons can be seen by applying to
Jun18w1 J. J. BECKER.

Furniture for Sale.

A lot of furniture will be sold cheap, also kitchen stove and crockery ware. Inquire at residence of MORRIS ASH,
Jun17w1 Powning's Addition.

Blackberries! Blackberries!

I will receive to-day 75 cases of extra fine blackberries, which will be sold at a low figure. Orders left will be prom tly filled. Reno flour at $1 15 a sack.
Jun16w1 PETER ANDREUCCETTE,
Corner of Virginia and Fourth St.

Ranch for Sale.

A ranch with 630 acres, mostly enclosed, one mile from Carson.
MRS. JOHN P. SWEENEY.
5-19td Carson City.

"Money Saved is Money Made."

I will take orders for the finest suits made by Miller & Co., Chicago, from $10 to $40 per suit. No moth eaten or shoddy goods delivered. Perfect fit guaranteed or money refunded. Most complete line of samples ever shown in Reno
B. ROTHSCHILD,
5-27tf Cor. Lincoln and Douglas Ave.

For Sale.

A two-story frame house, one of the finest in the city, with four lots elegantly improved, corner of Second and Washington streets, in Powning's Addition, contains all modern improvements, to be almost given away. Inquire on the premises of W. S Cone, or of John S. Gilson at Wine House
5-6tf

For Rent or Sale.

In Reno, a large well furnished house centrally located with large garden plot and orchard under good cultivation, also barn and outbuildings, will be sold or rented at reasonable terms to right parties. Apply or address JOURNAL office. mar22tf.

Washoe Lunch Counter and Saloon.

For a fine meal or a cool glass of beer, best liquors of all kinds or a good cigar call at the Washoe Lunch Counter and Saloon. A private dining room has been placed at the rear of the counter.
ha91 BLOCK & GRAUSEN, Props

BECKWITH HOTEL,

PLUMAS COUNTY, CAL

Marra & Laffranchini, Props.

First-Class Accommodations For Families

Fine Wines and Brandies, Claret and White Wine

50 Cents per Gallon.

Low rate given at Wholesale

Also Fine Sherry and Port Wine

Winery and Distillery at Gilroy

P O. Box 23, GILROY Cal
ea3tf

TRUCKEE MARKET

SAUER & GROB. Propietors.

Dealers in Meats of All Kinds.

Finest of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal,

LAMB IN SEASON;

Sausages of al Kinds a Specialty. Virginia Street, Reno, Nev. janltf

A sickly, fretful baby is a distressful burden to both of the parents. After passing worried and sleepless nights the father is unfitted for business and the mother for her household duties. If a woman will take proper care of herself during the period preceding motherhood, and see to it that the organs that bear the burdens of maternity are kept strong and healthy, her children will be robust and good-natured. The best medicine for keeping these delicate and important organs in a healthy condition is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Thousands of women have testified to the marvelous action of this remedy. More of it is sold than of all other medicines for the same purpose combined. It acts directly upon the organs involved. It restores their health and vigor. It prepares a woman for the duties of motherhood. It insures the health of baby. It makes its advent easy and almost free from pain. Women who use it do not experience the usual discomforts of the period of gestation. It is the most marvelous medicine ever known for wives and mothers. It is the preparation of an eminent and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, who has been for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Women who wish to know more about it should write him.

"About six years ago my wife became afflicted with female weakness," writes the Rev. I. J. Coppedge, of Elmo, Kaufman County, Texas. "She could not stand on her feet or get in any position in which she did not suffer great pain She was naturally a strong woman. I had several physicians to treat her without any permanent relief. She despaired of ever again being well She saw an advertisement of your 'Favorite Prescription' and spoke to me about it I got her a bottle of the medicine which she soon found was helping her. She kept on until she had taken six bottles Since taking the last she has not suffered a moment with the old trouble. She has been well nearly twelve months The 'Favorite Prescription' was all the medicine she took. She is in good health and we are happy."

TIMING BIG PROJECTILES.

How Their Initial Velocity Is Calculated In Tests at Sandy Hook.

To the layman one of the interesting features in a big gun test is the method by which the initial velocity of the projectiles is calculated. When he hears that the modern high power guns often expel a shot at an initial velocity of 2,000 feet a second, a rate that if sustained would mean a mile in three seconds, he realizes the difficulty of calculating the speed. An ordnance officer must have accurate knowledge of the velocity of a projectile, that he may predict its range and penetration and determine the accuracy of the gun. It is a comparatively easy matter, however, with the new instruments to calculate accurately the initial velocity of a projectile, and any one who is fortunate enough to visit Sandy Hook when big guns are being tested may see how it is done.

Two open frames are set up 150 feet apart in front of the gun. Wires are stretched back and forth across these frames, making a screen through which the shot must pass. The wires in each screen form a complete electric circuit, which includes also an electric battery and an electro magnet. The projectile, after leaving the gun, flies through the wire in the first screen, interrupting the circuit and releasing the armature of the magnet. In a space of time so small as to be hardly conceivable the projectile has covered the distance between the two frames and pierced the wire in the second, interrupting its electric current and releasing the armature of its magnet, as in the first case. The interval between the drop of these two armatures represents the time spent by the projectile in traveling 150 feet. This time is indicated by the chronograph in the laboratory near by. Wires run from each screen to the laboratory, which is fitted up with batteries and switchboards.

The armature of the first electro magnet is an iron rod about 3 feet long, which is suspended vertically. This rod falls when the second electro magnet is placed a little below the first, and when it is released it acts as a knife, and, striking the side of the falling rod, makes a slight mark. The distance of this cut or mark from the end of the rod indicates the distance through which the rod has dropped while the projectile is passing from one screen to another. This forms the unit for the calculation of the projectile's velocity in feet per second. New explosives and high power guns have increased the initial velocity of projectiles wonderfully in the last few years. Projectiles may be expelled now with a force that will make them effective at a range far beyond ordinary eyesight.—New York Sun.

Roman Epicures.

When at its zenith, the Roman empire laid all the barbaric countries of the world under contribution to supply the tables of its nobles and wealthy citizens with the fine luxuries of life. Asia and Africa poured in the rich spices and fruits of the tropics; Germany and the great north countries raised the grains and wild berries; Italy and the fertile land of the Franks cultivated the vineyards to make or express the wines; every strip of seacoast from the Mediterranean to the Baltic contributed its quota of fish, and the forests of Brittany yielded the wild game of the woods—birds, beasts and fowls—for the banquets of the proud, dissolute rulers of the vast empire. With the choice products of a great world so easily obtained there were wanton waste, foolish extravagance and a strange disregard of the value of expensive luxuries, and the historian dwelling upon these times delights in recapitulating the various articles of diet arranged in tempting manner upon the groaning tables at the great feasts and banquets.

But, excepting Nero's dish of peacock tongues and Cleopatra's cup of wine with the dissolved pearls in it, the menu of our modern banquets would compare favorably with those spread in the times when gluttony, licentiousness and greed for luxury were insidiously sapping the strength of Rome.—George E. Walsh in Lippincott's.

NOBLES' REVENGE.

HE GOT EVEN WITH THE AUTHOR OF THE SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMP.

The Actor's Letter of Congratulations to Postmaster General Vilas Withdrawn For Sufficient Reasons, Which Appear In This Story.

Milton Nobles, the actor and author, and Senator Vilas were schoolmates in Madison 35 years ago, and they went from the schoolhouse to the war together. Nobles thinks a good deal of his old schoolmate and is proud of the distinction he has won among the great men of his party.

When the special delivery stamp made its appearance, Senator Vilas, who was then postmaster general, received many complimentary letters, among them one from Nobles. The rest of the story is best told by the author himself:

"When I wrote this letter of congratulation to the general, I hadn't had occasion to use or receive any of the stamps, but the idea seemed to me to be a good one. I was spending a week at home in Brooklyn at the time. One bitter morning about 3 o'clock I was awakened by what seemed to me to be the ringing of all the fire bells in Brooklyn. Shoving my head out of the second story window, I could see a muffled figure on the steps below jerking the bell with savage fury. 'What is it?' I asked. At that moment the bell wire broke, and the figure fell backward down the steps. The snow was knee deep, and the wind was blowing 50 miles an hour. As the figure rolled down the steps I could hear some choice specimens of explosive English in a familiar accent, mingled with something about 'letter, special delivery.' After removing chains and bolts opened the outer door, and the messenger blew into the vestibule in a sheet of snow.

"'What is it? What have you got?'

"'Letter.'

"'What the Helen Blazes are you bringing a letter here for at this time of night?'

"'Special delivery, sir, please.'

"I backed into the hall and slid my hand all over the wall, trying to find the matches. The vestibule was full of snow, and I had commenced sneezing.

"'Come in and shut the door!' I yelled. Bang went the door and out went my match just as I had got the gas turned on. The messenger bumped up against me in the dark, stepped on my toes and shook a shovelful of snow off his shoulders about my feet, filling my slippers and dropping down my back. I finally succeeded in relighting the gas, signing the book, paying the messenger out and bolting the door. Then I went up stairs with my pants. I examined the long blue stamp carefully. It was the first one that I had received. Then I devoted about five minutes to wondering what the dickens it was all about. After a time it occurred to me to open it and see. The handwriting was unknown, but the refrain was familiar. Here it is:

"SHEBOYGAN, Wis., Jan. 19.

"Milton Nobles, Esq.:

"DEAR SIR:—You will doubtless be surprised at receiving this letter from an entire stranger. But I feel that I was born to be an actor.

"I am but 22, 5 feet 9, light curly hair, blue eyes and have played several parts with the Sheboygan Amateur society. I inclose notices My family object to my going on the stage, but I feel that it is my duty, and as I would only join a first class company my friends urged me to write to you. Should like to play lovers parts. I saw you play in Milwaukee last fall Can come any time. I have also written a play. Could you lend me $50? Yours to command, I. ARTHUR JONES

"(Stage name—E. Forrest Meinotte.)

"P. S.—The new special delivery stamp has just got here, and I put one on to see how it works. J. A. J.

"By the time I had finished reading this letter I had a chill. Three hours later I had such a cold that I could not open my eyes. I remained in my room for treatment for three days. On the fourth day I became convalescent, and the first labor I performed was the writing of the following letter:

"BROOKLYN, Jan. 26.

"Hon. W. F. Vilas, Postmaster General, Washington:

"DEAR SIR—Quite recently, in a moment of unguarded enthusiasm, I wrote you a letter congratulating you upon the brilliant stroke of genius made manifest in the promulgation of the special delivery stamp.

"Recent events have given me a wider knowledge of the subject and opened my eyes to the pernicious consequences likely to follow your gigantic blunder.

"I desire to withdraw my letter and enter a protest against your making any use of the same as an apparent indorsement of your new departure or with a view to your securing a situation in the future. This need not necessarily interfere with our friendship, but between friendship and business the line must be drawn somewhere, and I choose, for reasons conclusive to myself, to draw it at the 3 a. m. special delivery. Very truly yours,

"MILTON NOBLES.

"I cut the special delivery stamp from the Sheboygan letter and pasted it on the envelope, and, inclosing both in another letter, I sent them to a friend in Washington with a few lines of explanation and instruction. The next stormy night my friend, following instructions, hired a special messenger, and at 3 p. m. he began ringing Postmaster General Vilas' doorbell. First a servant came, then the general's secretary, but the messenger was firm; he must see the general. Thinking probably that war had been declared in Haiti and a midnight session of the cabinet called, the general slipped an ulster on over his nightshirt and went down to the door. The messenger shoved the letter into his hand and bolted on a double quick.

"The obnoxious stamp has not been called in, but I had my revenge on the postmaster general."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Obliging.

"Madam," said Meandering Mike, "hev yo got any cold coffee?"

"No," replied young Mrs. Torkins in a tone of sympathy, "but you wait a few minutes and I'll put some in the refrigerator and cool it for you."—Washington Star.

BLADDER TROUBLES

are inconvenient during the day and destroy rest at night. They make life a misery instead of a blessing. They affect many persons after they reach the age of 40, and are usually accompanied by a decay of vital power.

They can be

CURED

I feel as though I should write and let you know what I think of Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills. I have suffered greatly for several years with backache and severe distress in my bladder. I have tried many remedies without much benefit. At your distribution of free samples at Spayd's drug store, I obtained a box of your excellent Sparagus Kidney Pills, and have now used three boxes, and feel that I have been cured. I cannot express my thanks too strongly for the benefit I have obtained from your remedy. I would advise all who use the Sparagus Kidney Pills to also use Dr. Hobbs' Little Liver Pills in connection, as I think they aid in the cure. DANIEL RIDGLEY,
16 Unity Block,
Toledo, Ohio.

HOBBS Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO., PROPRIETORS, CHICAGO. Dr. Hobbs Pills For Sale in RENO, NEV., by WM. PINNIGER, Apothecary.

BURNS AND HIS MARY.

He sang of friendship and duty
And manhood all creeds above,
Of the dear, green earth in her beauty
And the dewy glory of love,
But the sweetest, tenderest chord he gave
Was the requiem poured o'er his lost love's grave.

Then life was but futile longing
And earth but a beauteous tomb,
But songs through the silence were thronging,
And glory dwelt in the gloom,
And sorrow, the harper skilled and strong,
From the breaking heart drew its sweetest song.

When thy grief had heavenward striven
In melody trembling to prayer,
Did thy Mary remember in heaven
Her love by the braes of Ayr?
We know not, but earth that heard thee sing
Must cherish thy song to her latest spring.

Deep heart, so lavish in loving!
Oh, wayward and broken heart!
As safe from our shallow reproving
As deaf to our praise thou art.
Yet thy song shall thrill us while love shall last
And thy sorrow move us till death be past.
—Maggie Clare in New York Sun

HER REFORMED DIET.

Mrs. Newlight Makes a Series of Astounding Discoveries.

"It's just awful how criminally ignorant I've been regarding our food," said Mrs. Newlight to her [illegible] the other day. "I can never be [illegible] enough that I joined Professor Scarem's class in domestic science. It's a wonder we're not all dead, [illegible] I've been. There's one thing, [illegible] Georgo Newlight—there'll be no [illegible] tomatoes on my table."

"Why?"

"Because Professor Scarem explained to us today how tomatoes cause a [illegible] arrest of vital activity in those who eat them, and he proved that the seeds of tomatoes acts almost like a poison on the membrane of the stomach. Then I'm done with any berries that have seeds in on my table."

"I'd like to know why?"

"You wouldn't ask if you'd heard the professor's talk on appendicitis and its cause. A single dish of raspberries or strawberries may bring on that awful trouble. It's fearful to think of the risks people will run just to gratify the palate. And here we've always allowed our children to have sugar and cream on their oatmeal!"

"What of it?"

"Well, you'd say 'What of it?' if you could hear the professor explain how the combination of oatmeal and cream and sugar causes dreadful gases to arise in the stomach and utterly retards digestion. I've not the slightest doubt that the awful spasm our little Mamie had last year was due entirely to this cause. Then there's bananas. Why, George Newlight, they're simply rank poison! And you'll get no more white bread at my table."

"Why not?"

"Because there's no more nutrition in it than there would be in bread made out of pure starch. Every bit of the nutritive element has been refined out of it. It makes those who eat it thin blooded."

"Do I look thin blooded or as if I lacked nutrition?" asked Newlight, who weighs 199.

"That doesn't signify. You don't know what day you'll begin to break down under such bread. We'll have nothing but graham or whole wheat flour hereafter. And I've done with coffee too. If you could see and hear Professor Scarem demonstrate just how poisonous it is to the whole human system you'd shun it as you shun opium. He says that cocoa shells is the only real safe warm drink."

"I'd as soon drink dishwater," said Newlight.

"You'd better drink dishwater than your poisonous coffee. If you'd only take a little time to study domestic science and look into this food business a little, it would be a good thing for your health and the health of your family. There's a lot more things we've been jeopardizing our lives by eating in our criminal ignorance, and I'm going to cut all of them out at once."

And she did, which is the reason Newlight is taking most of his meals down town at present.—Detroit Free Press.

Every low much [illegible] progressive game of cards. The players have moved up from another table, for they had different partners but the game they play is the same, with the same points and the same blunders. It differs from a progressive game of cards only in the fact that the prize isn't as valuable as the prize given at cards.—Atchison

BANK OF NEVADA,

—Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.—

GEO. F. TURRITTIN, President. MORITZ SCHEELINE, Vice President
R. S. OSBURN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS—Daniel Meyer of San Francisco; R. R. Bigelow of Carson; A. G. Fletcher, J. N. Evans, G. F. Turrittin, Moritz Scheeline and P. I. Finnigan of Reno.

Subscribed Capital	$300,000.
Paid Up Capital	150,000
Surplus	67,000

Interest Paid On Time Deposits.

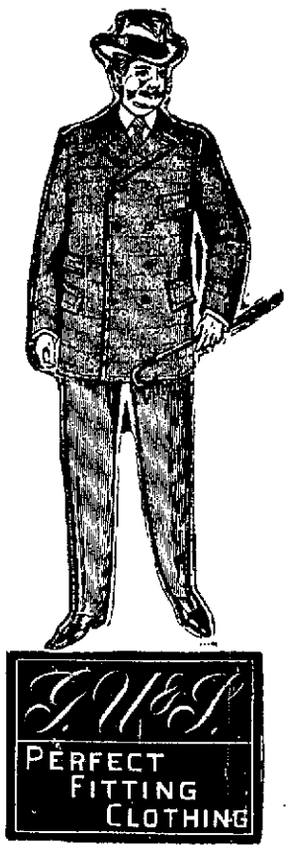
Buy and sell exchange on all the principal cities of the United States, Canada, Europe, Asia and Africa

Messrs. Scheeline & Osburn are Resident Agents for twenty-eight Fire Insurance Companies, the total assets of which are $217,640,081.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent, prices according to size varying from $6 to $15 per annum.

M. NATHAN,

The Pioneer and Old Reliable.



SUITS:

Men's Suits	$6 to $10
Boys' Suits	$2 to $ 4
Children's Suits	$1 75

UNDERWEAR

From $1 upwards.

FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS,
CAPS,
NECKWEAR.

Mail orders promptly filled.

ONE PRICE TO ALL

M. NATHAN,
Virginia St., Reno, Nev.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

L. P. FOLSOM,

One Price Cash Grocery Store

Has now on Hand About

700 CORDS OF PINE WOOD

Strictly Dry and First-Class

FULL MEASURE.

That he will sell in lots to suit at $4 50 Cash per Cord Delivered.

RENO BOTTLING WORKS

—AGENCY OF THE—

Pabst Brewing Company

OF MILWAUKEE.

THE FINEST BEER ON THE MARKET

Also Agents for the celebrated Pabst Malt Extract, the only extract that gained 100 points of perfection at the Columbian Exposition.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS

For Family Use or Medicinal Purposes a Specialty.

MULLER & STUMPF,

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

SUNDAY, JUNE 20, 1897.

EASTERN ADVERTISING OFFICE, 230 to 234 Temple Court, New York City E Katz, Agent.

GOVERNOR ROGERS, of the State of Washington, has written Eugene V. Debs, inviting him to consider Washington as a possible location for his experimental colonies. The Governor says he favors anything consistent with the laws which might look toward the amelioration of the conditions surrounding the poorer people, now enormously increasing in numbers.

He advises Wall street to read Ezekiel xvi: 49-50, and learn why Sodom was given its baptism of fire and brimstone. If Debs and his colleagues do not succeed in getting land in Utah, it is believed they will direct their attention to Washington.

It has been suggested that Hon. W J. Bryan be invited to speak from the balcony at the window on the northwest corner of the Investment Co's. new building, on his arrival here on the evening of the 2nd of July. Sierra and Second streets will afford ample room for the large crowd which will doubtless gather and the location is far enough from the railroad so that the noise of trains will not disturb the audience or speaker. There is no doubt but what the arrangements can be made. He will remain in Reno about forty minutes.

THE New York *Herald* says there are fifty-seven senators who are certain to vote for the ratification of the Hawaiian annexation treaty. This is three short of the requisite two-thirds. Twenty-one senators are opposed to the treaty and eleven are undecided. If this poll of the Senate is correct, the Hawaiian Islands, Kanakas, Chinese, lepers and sugar plantations, will all belong to the United States.

THE Omaha and Kansas City smelting companies threaten to remove their plants to Mexico if the duty on lead ores is increased. The smelters say they want those ores for fluxing purposes and they cannot afford to pay increased duty upon them. Increased duty, they claim, will compel them to go out of business or remove to Mexico.

THE Supreme Court of California, in the appeal case of H. W. Payne, has decided that the inheritance tax passed by the legislature four years ago, is constitutional. Payne has to pay into the treasury, $7,000 on a legacy of $140,000.

The Arcade Hotel.

Al White, who is "all white" has just completed a thorough renovation and decoration of the Arcade Hotel: He is as proud of his new place, as a boy with a pair of new copper-toed shoes.

The painter and decorator, Finley Cook, has had the work in charge and has gone over every nook and crany and done an artistic piece of work.

Every department of the house is under Al's experienced supervision and not a single detail is overlooked.

The bar is furnished with the very best of stock, and the rooms are clean, comfortable and cozy. The restaurant department is carried on in modern style and the table supplied with the best the market affords.

The Arcade is within a half block of the depot, and is open at all hours of the day or night. The rates are very reasonable, and guests receive the most courteous attention.

Nevada Grain.

Several reports on wheat are all very favorable as the stage of spring wheat averages about as follows: In Douglas, Ormsby and Lyon counties, from 4 to 8 inches high, and in Elko and Humboldt 4 to 6 inches in height. Winter wheat is from 12 to 18 inches high in Washoe, and very heavy rye is heading in White Pine county.

Corn is tasseling in Lincoln county, and the second crop of Alfalfa is from three to four feet high. In Nye county wheat varies in height from 4 inches to 2 feet, according to the time sown. Barley and oats 15 inches and corn about 8 inches high. Alfalfa cutting is in progress in Elko, Douglas and Humboldt counties, and will begin the present week in Lyon, Nye and Washoe counties.—*Appeal.*

Preparing For The President's Visit.

The reception to President McKinley and party at the Utah Pioneer Jubilee will be in the nature of a great patriotic demonstration. At least 150,000 people will greet the chief executive on his arrival. During his stay he will be the guest of the State, and preparations for his entertainment in keeping with his exalted station are now under way.

The cavalry now stationed at Fort Duchesne have been specially detailed by the War Department to act as his escort during his stay, and the troops at Fort Douglas are preparing to be inspected by their Commander-in-Chief.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, indigestion, constipation, dizziness, yield to Electric Bitters. Fifty cents and $1 per bottle at S. J. Hodgkinson's drug store.

FROM DR. BERGSTEIN.

Continued from third page.

6 o'clock, attend to such duties as required my attention, after which I returned to town or remained at home as best suited me. The editorial then goes on:

"Under the sub-head of "expenditure of special appropriation annex—paid," Dr. Bergstein says:

"'In the summer of 1895 a contract was let for the construction of the annex in accordance with plans and specifications that had been prepared. The annex was made a continuation of the male wards A, B and C. In front the contour of the old building was maintained, but the rear consists of ten single rooms on each floor, or a total of thirty. These rooms are provided with chimneys and are the only ones in the building which can be warmed other than by steam, and since the completion of the annex temporary partitions have been made, which can be placed in position or taken down in a few minutes. Large stoves have also been provided, so that in case of an illness requiring a warm apartment through the night, a bed can be placed in the room and the patient be protected from an undesirable change in temperature.'"

But let us stop, Mr. Editor *Gazette*, there must be a mistake here. You are quoting *"since the completion of the annex*, temporary partitions have been made which can be placed in position or taken down in a few moments, etc." Why, this must be a mistake. It takes lumber to build partitions; it requires labor, it takes paint, hardware, etc., the moneys to pay for which you more than intimate was filched from the pockets of the taxpayers. He then quotes on:

"The addition has been furnished, and we are now fully equipped for two hundred and twenty-five inmates, and at the usual ratio of increase have made ample provision for eight years. The appropriation was expended as follows:

The appropriation was.	$15,000 00
Expended as follows—	
Contract for cons'tn, labor	$10,228 95
Hardware, etc.....	875 76
Blankets, bedding, etc	1,183 82
Freight.....	237 07
Furniture, carpets, etc	976 74
Paints, oils, etc.	165 08
Lumber, etc.....	264 85
Lime, cement, etc.....	38 25
Wall paper.	42 00
Miscellaneous	276 00
Total.	$14,288 52
Balance	$ 711 48

In the *Gazette* of June 14th the figures are simplified so as to show the material for which these sums were expended, and are copied from the actual bills on file in duplicate in the Secretary of State and State Controller's offices, and may also be found on the books of the Hospital. They are absolutely correct, but the conclusions are equally as false. Now, what are the facts? The Legislature of 1895, after a careful investigation as to its necessities, passed almost unanimously a bill appropriating $15,000 for the building and furnishing of an annex to the Hospital The Commissioners at once took steps to carry out the purpose of the enactment. Plans and specifications were drawn ($50 being paid for the same), they being the counterpart to the original plan of the "Nevada Insane Asylum," which provided for the plainest kind of a building with white walls (and not very white at that, for there seemed to be a difference of opinion as to what a "skin" coat of plaster was). The contract was let by bid to the lowest bidder, they being Messrs. Ryland & Schadler. They completed their work in accordance with the strict letter of their contract, which included no single article of furniture, nor for extra work received 759 odd dollars, making their pay for their work on the annex $10,228 95. Then finding we had the means, we proceeded to finish and furnish it so as to fit it for the work which it was intended for.

Partitions, as already described, were prepared. Stoves for heating were purchased, lead for flooring of rooms for filthy patients was provided, walls were tinted and papered, stairs and landings were built at the east end of a ward of the annex. Shelving was placed in its basement, and in this way the money was expended, and for every dollar there was one hundred cent's worth of property in the annex belonging to the State.

In the article of June 14th he endeavors to show that money expended supposedly on the annex had been applied to maintenance to reduce the cost per capita per diem. This is absolutely untrue, and he could have so ascertained had he visited the Hospital and investigated, but he did not desire to be convinced. There now remain but two matters to be disposed of—the sale of hides. When I took charge of the Hospital I had never sold a hide in my life. Passing through the cow barn with the farmer who had occupied the same position under my predecessor, I noticed some hides, and I said, "Frank, what do you do with your hides?" He replied: "A man comes along once or twice a year and gives us a dollar apiece for them and with the money we buy sheep." Chancing to meet my nephew during a subsequent visit to San Francisco I recalled the fact that he was in the hide business, and as I wanted them out of the way I offered them to him at the usual price. He accepted them, they were shipped and paid for. Before the next shipment hides advanced in price, and, writing him in relation to the matter, he advised me to send them on and he would allow me their market value, and I am fully convinced he did so. If anyone thinks I received more for them than the books show it can easily be verified. Upon receipt of the hides a bill was rendered which is on file, and accompanying it was a check, not on Reno, but on the Clearance House in the city with which he did business, so that it was necessary to deposit the same with the bank here for collection. (As matters seem to have reached a hair-splitting condition, I will add that no charge is made for the same). By comparing our returns with the amount of the check deposited it will not be difficult to get at the truth.

The suggestion that because I did business with a relative I laid myself open to suspicion, never occurred to me. I know of no reason why my confidence in the integrity of my sister's son should not be equal to that reposed in a stranger. Besides, when my predecessor purchased supplies from his relatives in San Francisco, no cry of alarm was uttered by the *Gazette* or I would have been forewarned.

I am accused of taking fire-wood to my private office in Reno. That I have taken fuel to the office in Reno is true; that it is my private office is false. I have transacted more business for the State there than I have for myself, and it has been private only, in so far, that I have paid all its expenses save the fuel, valued at three dollars a year. The emoluments of my position consist of a money payment, the smallest paid on the Pacific Coast for such services, and a living, no one denies that fuel for heating purposes is included in the letter and I should like to have some savant explain to me the difference between sitting in my private apartments in the Hospital ground and burning fuel or consuming the same in town. With equal justice might one say that if I went to town before noon and carried with me a frugal noonday repast, that I was guilty of wrong doing, for while I was entitled to the same at the residence the crime consisted in eating it up town. But over and above all, I have made for the State by transactions in that office more money than will supply it with fuel for the rest of my life. It does seem to me that the *Gazette* is rather shortsighted, for if I have indulged in all sorts of luxuries and given the same to the inmates and it has cost the State but $48 13 per capita per diem, while that under my predecessors ranged from $50 34 for the last term of Dr. G. H. Thoma and $61 77 his first term to as high as 89 cents under his predecessors, and as they did not furnish these luxuries, what became of the money they are supposed to have expended?

As to the motives which induced the attack made by the editor of the *Gazette* and "the power behind the throne" I shall say nothing, it is beneath the notice of any right minded man. The facts need only be shown to make the malice apparent, for no sane being over the age of ten could read the report of the Commissioners and honestly reach the conclusions published in the *Gazette*.

In conclusion I have but this to say, when I entered upon the work I am now in charge of, it was with a full determination to honestly and faithfully administer the trust placed in my hands. My work has been a matter of pride with me, the thought that I had at most but a few more years to live, and that when I am gone some one would say, "This or that improvement was made by Superintendent Bergstein, this or that was done to lighten the burden of life of those who were entrusted to his care," gave me greater satisfaction than any monument that could be left by a Fair, a Gould, or a Vanderbilt.

And as I began so I shall continue, whether I remain in charge of this institution a day or for years, I shall do everything in my power, aided by the Commissioners, to alleviate the sufferings and restore to health if possible, the unfortunate wards of the State, and conduct matters in the best interests of the taxpayers of the Commonwealth, Very Respectfully,

H. BERGSTEIN,

Superintendent Nevada Hospital for Mental Diseases.

Reno, June 19, 1897.

SPECIAL SALE Of Men's Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods.

In order to make room for my **SPRING STOCK** which is now being received,

I offer for sale all of my present stock of goods at a reduction of 20 per cent. My stock consists of

Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps.

Ladies' Misses and Children's Boots, Shoes and Rubbers.

Stetson Hats

Spring Styles

The proper hats for America's uncrowned kings. Give just the proper finish to the attire and wear like true friendship. Stiff and soft hats deserve equal praise.

The latest novelties in Neck Wear, Hosiery, and all kinds of Shirts, Enderwear, Suspenders, Cloves, Etc.

A FULL LINE OF

JOHN B. STETSON & CO.'S FINE HATS.

We make a specialty of making clothing to order.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

Church Notices.

Unitarian—Services at Lodge Hall of New Investment Building at 11 A. M. Subject of sermon, "Heroism of Common Life," by M. J. Savage. Sunday school immediately after morning service. Next Sunday will be the last service until September.

Methodist—Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. Service and sermon at 11. Topic, "Out of the Lion Honey!" Young People's Epworth League meeting at 6:15 P. M. Evening service at 7:30. Topic, "Sending Out Spies."

ALEXANDER VS. WINTERS, ET. AL.

The Opinion of the District Court Affirmed.

The Supreme Court has handed down a decision in the case of Alexander vs. Winters, et. al. The judgment of the District Court is affirmed. The opinion is by Justice Massey and is concurred in by Chief Justice Belknap and Justice Bonnifield.

It will be remembered that the suit was brought by Mrs. Alexander against Theo. Winters and the Galena Creek Storage and Irrigation Company for damages to her crop of last year The District Court decided against her and she appealed. The opinion of the District Court is now sustained by the Supreme Court.

Water pipe laid cheap by Lange & Schmitt.

Bicycle Stolen.

Stolen from in front of E. C. Harris' store one '96 model "World" Bicycle, frame number 857, gents 24-inch frame, 68 gear, drop bars marked 2 on top, Morgan & Wright tires, upper bar of frame dented near the head, color of wheel carmine maroon. A liberal reward will be paid for return of the wheel. E C HARRIS.

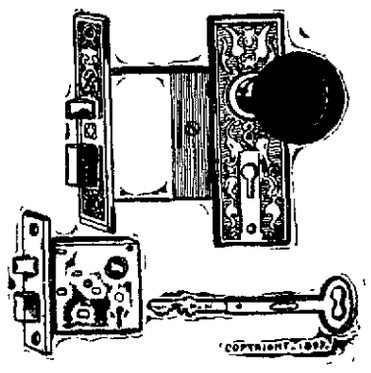
jn19tf

To Whom It May Concern.

I will not be responsible for any work done on the White Horse mine or its tributaries.

MRS. JOHN STONE.

jn1-20ds



Standard Hardware At Standard Prices

is the last-a-lifetime hardware that is cheapest in the end. Paying less than we charge is getting less value and half the satisfaction. Buying at a higher price than we ask is paying more than the goods are worth.

NEVADA HARDWARE & SUPPLY CO.

The Inside Of a Grocery

is a broader guage by which to judge than flattering advertisements on the grocer's part. Our advertisements are simply meant to call your attention to the quality of the stock we have. The goods will sell themselves. You will always find the best at

BOALT'S MODEL GROCERY

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

PARISIAN NOVELTIES IN

EXCLUSIVE HIGH ART CREATION

IN WHITE AND COLORED LAPPETS

Choice Exclusive Dress Patterns,

ONLY ONE OF EACH.

Shirt Waists in Endless Varieties.

Handsome Laces, Bolaros. Point de Paris Fishus, Gloves, Fancy Ribbons, Belts,

AND MANY OTHER NOVELTIES AT

SOL. LEVY'S

S. J. Hodgkinson. DRUGGIST.

Reno - - Nevada.

Prescriptions a specialty.

IMPORTANT!

TO DRY GOODS PURCHASERS!

S. EMRICH, NEXT DOOR TO NEVADA BANK, HAS received the Newest and Latest Styles of

Fall and Winter Dress Goods,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Capes in Sealette and Cloth, and

All Kinds of Domestic and House Furnishing Goods, Which Will Be Sold at

BEDROCK PRICES!

C. NOVACOVICH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Vegetables

Green and Dried Fruits, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware Tobacco, Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

the novelties in Fancy Groceries. No need to send away for goods. Cash trade solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

When You Need a physician we will come in handy, because this is the best drug store to which you can send your prescription. When you don't need a physician we can fill your wants in the right way at the right prices. We are always useful.

Fresh Seeds in Bulk or Packages.

W. PINNIGER'S.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL.
FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK
Delivered by Carrier.

SUNDAY, JUNE 20, 1897.

BREVITIES.

The best of liniments is Trib.

Great bargains in sash ribbons at Emrich's. jun15w1

Screen doors and windows at Lange & Schmitt's. *

Beautiful Scotch lawns for 5 cents a yard at Emrich's. jun15w1

Hon. Alex McCone of Virginia spent the day here yesterday.

A clean strong wholesome liniment, Trib fulfills all promises.

Only the truth has been told of Trib. That is why people trust it.

No "magic" about Trib—no witchcraft. It is just a liniment, but supreme.

Refrigerators, icecream freezers, garden hose, lawn mowers, the best and cheapest at Lange & Schmitt's. *

Select your Sunday reading matter at Charlie Lake's. He has all of the latest magazines, periodicals and novels.

Dealers should purchase their General Arthur cigars at Becker's Model. Wholesale prices quoted on quantities to suit.

Henry Riter will serve his patrons to-day with pine apple punch made from fresh pine apple. His lunch will be extra fine.

E. E. Caine of Verdi has been elected principal of the Wadsworth school for the next year. No better choice could have been made.

Donnels & Steinmetz have a splendid line of carpets, floor rugs and mattings which they are offering at prices astonishingly low, also window shades of all kinds.

Donnels & Steinmitz are agents for the new Wheeler & Wilson ball bearing sewing machines, which they sell at San Francisco prices. Don't fail to see them. *

Rhue & Middour have a lot of leaf lard in 5-pound cans at 65 cents, 10-pound cans at $1 25. The best of beef, mutton, veal, pork and lamb always on hand. *tf

S. Emrich has received Scotch lawns and challies which will be sold for 5 cents per yard, and all silk watered and fancy sash ribbons at 25 cents per yard. jun15w1

C. W. Christensen, painter and decorator, has just finished an excellent job on Block and Clausen's saloon and lunch counter. He has made the place as neat and clean as a new pin.

If you want to have a good time, attend the Grand Fourth of July Celebration in Truckee. Monday, July 5th. Special rates will be given by the Railroad Company on the 2nd, 3d, 4th and 5th. j20-w1*.

Cream tomato soup and many other good things for lunch to-day at Thyes'. He carries a large stock of the best goods and sells at the lowest prices. Do not be deceived; go where you get the best for your money.

Call at Muller & Stumpf's Pabst agency for fine California and imported wines for family and medicinal purposes. Sherry, port, muscatel, angelica and all dry wines by the gallon. Open every day until 7 o'clock. tf*

A. Nelson will sacrifice his stock of furnishing goods in order to make room for new goods. Now is the time to get bargains. Call at his store on Virginia street. Free employment office connected with the store *

The diversity of Nevada climate is remarkable. Here, the weather the past few days has been so cold as to make fires necessary, while down in Lincoln county the first crop of figs has been harvested and the second is of good size.

If your eyes need attention, they need it right now, not next week or next month. Dr. Mendelsohn, the oculist-optician, can be seen at the Nevada Bank building and consulted free of charge in regard to your eyes or necessary glasses; see him to-day. Jun20dwtf*

The members of the Democratic County Central Committee are requested to meet at H. A. Waldo's office on 2d street on Monday evening to consider arrangements for the proper reception of Wm. Jennings Bryan on the evening of his arrival at Reno, viz., July 2d. A full attendance is desired

Dr. Laura B. Hurd, who has recently graduated from a college of medicine and is now an assistant to Dr. Ward of San Francisco, on Friday evening arrived from Virginia, where she had been visiting her mother for several days, and spent yesterday in Reno as the guest of Miss Stella Webster. Last evening she took the train for Wadsworth, from which place she will accompany a very sick patient to the city for treatment.

Private Mailing Cards.

The following is taken from the *Postal Guide* for June, 1897:

From the large number of inquiries now being received by the Department, there seems to be a general belief that Congress has authorized the issue and use of private postal cards, mailable at the 1 cent rate of postage, this belief is unfounded; no law has been enacted on this subject; so that private mailing cards, bearing written messages, when deposited in the mails are still subject to postage at the letter rate: viz., 2 cents each or 2 cents per oz., or fraction thereof.

FROM DR. BERGSTEIN.

He Reviews the "Gazette's" Charges and Presents Facts.

Editor "Nevada State Journal"—DEAR SIR: While the attacks on the institution under my control were confined to a political opponent, I contented myself with a denial of the fallacious statement, and an invitation to any citizen of the State to visit the Hospital and examine our books and accounts and determine for himself the falsity of the statements made. But one person, the Hon. W. W. Booher of the *Daily Independent*, availed himself of this offer, and he visited the Hospital the very day the invitation was published, and after spending many hours in examining the books and property, says, in speaking of the charges of the *Gazette*, "had its editor taken the pains to thoroughly examine the report, visited the institution and examined the books and property, we do not believe he would have published the article he has," and later on he adds that "the thought of misappropriated funds and a robbery of the people exists only in the minds of those who will not investigate and learn the facts."

Repeated invitations have been extended to the editor of the *Gazette* by Governor Sadler and State Treasurer Westerfield, two of the three members of the Board of Commissioners for the Care of Indigent Insane, with the assurance that every courtesy should be extended him and an opportunity to thoroughly examine the books and property of the State, but he has invariably declined.

In a recent issue you suggested an investigation by the Board and a publication of the facts for the benefit of the public. Without consulting the Board, I will say an investigation by them is unnecessary, as the expenditures made the subject of discussion, were made under their supervision and neither they or I have any cause to blush for them.

I do propose, however, to give you a plain statement of the facts, when the outrageous character of the assault as well as its absurdity will be at once apparent. The *Gazette* of Monday, March 15, 1897, says:

"We spent most of yesterday examining the report of the Commissioners for the Care of the Insane, and we cannot figure it out in any other light than a very remarkable document. The first thing that attracted our attention was the annex to the asylum, contracted and built at an expense of $9,250. R. Ryland, the contractor, informs us that his contract called for the completion of the building ready for occupancy, including painting. This, Mr. Ryland says he complied with and turned over to the State the building ready for occupancy, minus the window guards. Yet Superintendent Bergstein's reports show $876 76 paid for hardware; carpets, $168 94, (and by the way of parenthesis we will say we think the State a little extravagant in carpeting the wards of an insane asylum). His report shows $1,183 82 spent in bedding for the annex, including $825 for blankets, which at $3 50 per pair would furnish quite a quantity. The report shows $786 80 for furniture for the annex including $397 20 for chairs; painting $228 20; carpenter work, $102; wall paper, $42, and many more items that seem equally extravagant."

The evident intention of the editor is to convey to the mind of the reader the impression that the contract of R. Ryland not only called for the erection of the annex but also its furnishing, and hence that the various sums reported to have been so expended have been stolen from the State Treasury—all subsequent articles which he published are simply a rehash of this editorial, convey the same impression and in his last article, June 14, 1897, appears the following: "Now we have a *building furnished* according to contract ready to move in."

A more outrageous, bare-faced lie was never published in public print He says he has a copy of the "specifications" (a copy of the same can be seen at the hospital by any citizen) and I dare him to point to a single line or word which would indicate that the contract included the furnishing of the annex. The contract calls for the plainest kind of a building and the contractor did not exceed the letter of this contract. The article of May 15th then goes on: "The report shows that it cost to guard the windows $409 60, which we take for granted is all right." Thanks, neighbor, for such a concession. This, however, gives me an opportunity to illustrate my method of robbing the taxpayers. When the annex approached completion it became necessary to make arrangement for window guards. No one in Nevada makes or deals in such goods. It chanced that an agent of a large firm in San Francisco visited Reno at that time, and I asked him to bid on the work. After a visit to the Hospital and carefully examining the goods requested be offered to supply them for forty cents a square foot or in round figures six hundred and eighty-five dollars for the sixty-one guards required. I reported the matter to the Board and told them I believed I could effect a saving by going to California where these articles are made, and at the same time secure such other goods as are not kept in the State required for furnishing. Acting on the suggestion, I went to San Francisco, and, inviting bids from the various manufacturers, obtained them at the Pacific Coast Wire Works for four hundred dollars. We afterward found an additional grating necessary, which added nine dollars and sixty cents for their cost. The article then continues: "The report shows $136 80 paid for bedsteads. We have made inquiry of the furniture stores in town and find that first-class iron bedsteads can be bought anywhere for between $7 and $8 each, the sum spent would therefore buy about eighteen." On June 14th, when publishing a list of bills allowed and on file at the State Capitol, he has "furniture—bedsteads—$136 80." He does not, however, state that the number was twenty-four, for that would show they cost exactly five dollars and seventy cents each, which would be an excellent example of how we outraged the unfortunate taxpayers, and I will add the best bedsteads ever acquired by the Hospital: "But it took $825 to blanket the beds, or about two hundred pairs, bought in the open market for $3 50 a pair." Where does he obtain the information that we furnished eighteen beds for patients? Surely not from the report, for that shows that we made provision for seventy-five patients.

The fact that but twenty-four bedsteads were purchased indicates nothing, for it was well known that the annex was built to relieve the overcrowded condition of the old building. There were quite a number of bedsteads that could be utilized but no bedding fit for use. There were a number of old stinking pulu and wool mattresses and pillows made of the same material, also of hair. These were discarded and nice hair mattresses and feather pillows took their place as rapidly as they could be made up at the Hospital, hence the bill for feathers and hair, bed ticking, etc.

Upon taking charge of the Hospital I was informed that the patients suffered from cold, so in furnishing the annex for seventy-five patients I purchased two pair of heavy all wool blankets at five dollars and fifty cents a pair, each, and they are well worth the price paid. in addition to that, I bought four dozen comforters, and if two pair of blankets and a comforter are not sufficient to keep my patients warm I shall purchase as many more as may be required to make them comfortable. "During a visit to the Asylum a few months ago we noticed the wards were furnished in the main with benches a few cheap chairs to be seen only in the womens wards. Four hundred dollars would buy good chairs enough to seat half the town of Reno and we can't for the life of us see where $400 worth of chairs could be put in the annex." So the editor does not remember his visit? Well, this is a surprise, let us recall the facts. One morning last Summer during the months either of July or August he visited the Hospital, it was eleven forty-five o'clock. I met him at the door and told him I was sorry it was after visiting hours, that the employes were all busy either in feeding the patients or preparing their food, that if he would return at two in the afternoon we would be delighted to extend him every courtesy. He informed me that his friend (to whom he introduced me) was a railroad man from Salt Lake, that his time was limited and that if he could not go through then he would be compelled to deny himself that pleasure. I told him in that event I would show them through myself, and for an hour, until they declared they had no more time, I devoted myself to them. Gentlemen of the press usually acknowledge such courtesies, this is the first I have received. Now for the facts. In a subsequent editorial in which this slander is repeated, he called attention to the fact (which I know to be true) that with an assistant he had spent a whole day examining the bills in the State Controller's office.

In his article of June 14th we find the following: "In December, 1896, we find the Superintendent bought five dozen chairs at $60 a dozen—$5 apiece—and one dozen rockers at $72, bought of John Bruner, Sacramento." The fact is they were bought in Reno on the occasion of Bruner's doing business at the Pavilion during the State Fair in September, but were not delivered until December. The chairs were placed in the annex and cannot be duplicated for less than the price paid. Is it not wonderful that goods received in December were not seen by him during a visit the previous summer?

Comment on this is unnecessary. But there is another thing he overlooked, in examining the bills at Carson he did not find any for the old chairs and benches he saw during his visit, they were heirlooms, an evidence of the magnificent furnishings left by my predecessor.

But we are not quite through with these chairs yet. In another editorial the writer says (I regret I have not the copy to quote his exact language), "we visited the furniture dealers of Reno who informed us they could have furnished them (the chairs) for less than the price paid." A few days after its appearance business took me to the establishment of Donnels & Steinmetz. The senior member of the firm at once called my attention to the article and desired me to understand that neither he nor his partner had anything to do with it. While he was explaining, Mr. Steinmetz came up and apologizing for the interruption said: "Doctor, there was an article in the *Gazette* the other evening which said that the editor had called on the furniture dealers, who had informed him that they could have supplied the furniture bought by you for less money. Now, I want you to understand that neither Mr. Donnels nor myself had anything to do with that article. I met Mr. Bragg and took him to task about it. I told him that you had treated us very kindly ever since we had been in business here, that there was only one other furniture house in town, that he had not asked the opinion of either Mr. Donnels or myself that we had expressed no such opinion nor could we, never having seen the goods express an opinion as to their value and that by his publication he had done us a serious injustice and might do us great harm. 'Oh,' said Mr. Bragg, 'the doctor won't mind that.'"

"Honest criticism of a State officer's report. "Honest, honest Jago."

"While the report seems very complete it does not speak of one patient who was killed by jumping from the roof and another jumping into the river and drowning. We have heard rumors of more violent deaths, but the two spoken of are cases of public record."

The case of the patient who fell (not jumped) from the roof will be found reported on pages 11 and 31 of the report. Now, what are facts? A patient who for many years had been accustomed to work in the patients' dining rooms and halls on the third floor and had been in the habit of getting water from the attendants' bath-room took a notion to step out upon the roof. He was the subject of religious mania and was in the habit of addressing his invocation to the Deity while looking up at the sun; such was undoubtedly the case on that occasion. It was a hot summer day, a fit of dizziness was the result and he fell from the roof and death resulted. Not only is this case reported in the report, but before burial, I personally reported the case and facts to the Coroner so that he might investigate the case if he thought necessary, which he did not, and told me to bury him.

Now for case number 2. A patient who for many years had the liberty of not only the Hospital and grounds, but was even permitted to visit Reno unattended, disappeared one day. Some weeks afterward a body was found in the river a few miles below the Hospital. The Coroner informed me that the body was so badly decomposed that he buried it at once, unidentified. In his pockets was found a card with the name of the escaped patient. He had a red handkerchief and shoes with buckles on them such as the escape wore. Upon these facts they concluded it was the escaped patient. There isn't a court of law in the world which would endorse that conclusion and it was not sufficient to induce me to so report.

Now, for argument's sake let us suppose it was the patient. What of it? Such accidents occur in all hospitals and asylums in the world and no one regrets them more than those connected with such work. In fact we have daily reports of men falling from roofs also being drowned who are not insane; would the editor have us infer that all mankind should be kept under lock and key to prevent such accidents. Oh! no, but he would imply carelessness on our part. Let me ask you to follow me for a few moments.

The average of attendants to patients in hospitals for the insane in the State of New York is one to seven and a half. The average in the whole United States is one to fourteen and a half. The average in the Nevada Hospital for Mental Diseases is one to twenty-four and a half. Is it then a matter of wonderment that we have similar accidents to those occurring elsewhere?

"The report shows twelve elopements during the term, of whom 'several returned of their own volition,' and 'six of whom who have not returned.' The question naturally arises where are the six that are still in the brush? Have they died of exposure and furnished food for the coyotes or are they still wandering about in a half dazed condition, endangering the lives of defenseless women and children?"

Why didn't the honest editor [illegible] quoting [illegible] report publish the [illegible] Let me help [illegible] page 11 [illegible] report [illegible] of [illegible]

"The greater amount [illegible] lowed the patients, the greater the number of elopements. This is our experience as well as that of other institutions, but as this freedom is only extended to those who are comparatively harmless, *no serious consequence is liable to follow* It has been my policy to grant patients all the liberty possible," and I may add it is the policy of all modern institutions.

If the mission of the press is to intimidate "defenseless women and children," let me congratulate you upon the glorious work that is yours. All those who escaped were of the class who might be termed "trusties."

What has been already said of the number of attendants to inmates applies with double force to this matter and in the language of the superintendent of an eastern institution located in a thickly settled community, "one-half of all those who elope disappear as if the earth opened and swallowed them."

"The report says nothing about the payment of ten dollars per month for standing the double buggy team of the Asylum in a stable in town between the hours 2 and 12 P. M. but the bills on file in the Controller's office show that sum is paid every month. Still this is a small item of 'expense.'"

That $10 a month is paid for stabling State stock in town is true; it has always been paid except during the term of my immediate predecessor. "A merciful man is merciful to his beast," and the same rule has always been practiced in all other State institutions which are located some distance from town. That the horses are stabled from 2 to 12 P. M. is false, with the exception of possibly eight or ten times a year it has been my custom to return to the Hospital between 5 and

Continued on second page.

Reno Mercantile Company

—Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.—

For the Spring Trade--

Seeds, Builders Materials, Hardware, Plows, Mowers, Machine Extras and Farming and Gardening Tools of All Kinds.

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES!

Prices at Bedrock.

BARGAIN SALE

—AT—

S. JACOBS', The Leading Clothier.

SUITS!

For Men, Youths, Boys and Children at Prices that will Defy Competition.

Men's All Wool Suits.....at $5 00 and up
Youths' All Wool Suits.....at 4 00 and up
Boys' and Children's All Wool Suits....at 1 50 and up

FURNISHING GOODS!

I carry the largest and most complete line in the State. 4-ply linen collars, regular sizes, at 12½c.

NECKWEAR A SPECIALTY!

A full and complete line of Cravats, Winsors, Puffs, Four-in-Hands, Bows and Club Ties, all of the latest styles and colors, at 25c and 50c.

UNDERWEAR, ETC.

Men's underwear, Balbriggan.....$1 00 per suit
Boys' underwear ..... 50 per suit
Men's working shirts.....at 25c and 50c

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Men's shoes.....at $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2 00
Boys' and children's shoes...at $1 00, $1 25, $1 50 $1 75
Men's heavy nailed brogan...at $2 50 per pair

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises.

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MILK delivered to any part of the city morning or evening.

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5-13-tf.

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MRS. D. P. HICKEY, recently of the Hotel Reno, has leased this well-known property, where she will be pleased to meet her friends and former patrons. She has a number of

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Hay by the Ton, Carload or Bale.

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THE REGULAR MEETINGS OF AMITY Lodge, No. 8, Knights of Pythias are held in Pythian Hall, New Investment Building, every Tuesday evening commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All knights in good standing are fraternally invited to attend By order of the Chancellor Commander. S. J. HODGKINSON
4-1tf K. of R. & S

Truckee Lodge, No. 14. I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, NO. 14, I. O. O. F., meet in their new hall in Clough & Crosby's building, Second street, Reno, Nevada, every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Punctual attendance of members is requested. Sojourning brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend

W. S. DABNEY, N. G
M. FREDRICK, Recording Secretary.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN pursuance of an order of the District Court of the Second Judicial District, State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, Probate, made on the 16th day of June, 1897, in the matter of the estate of John P. Foulks, deceased, the undersigned Administratrix, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, in gold coin of the United States, and subject to confirmation by said Court, on or after

Monday the 12th Day of July, 1897,

all the right, title, interest and estate of said John P. Foulks, deceased, at the time of his death, and all the right, title interest, and estate that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, acquired since his death, in and to all those lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the County of Washoe and State of Nevada, described as follows, to-wit:—

First—The interest of the estate in and to that certain Contract to purchase, entered into between the Central Pacific R. R. Company and J. P. Foulks, on the 28th day of August, 1883, and Numbered 6861 New Series, wherein said J. P. Foulks agreed to purchase the North one-half; the North one-half of the Southeast one quarter, and the Northeast one-quarter of the Southwest one-quarter of Section Fifteen in Township Nineteen North, Range Eighteen East, M. D. B. and M., containing 449 acres, at the agreed price of $4,250 on which there has been paid the sum of $550

Second Lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, in Block No. 2, on the Original Map of the town of Verdi, Washoe County, State of Nevada.

Third—The interest of the estate in and to that certain Contract to purchase, entered into between said J. P. Foulks and the State of Nevada about the month of May, 1892, and Numbered 5341, wherein said J. P. Foulks agreed to purchase the East one-half of the South-east one-quarter of Section Thirty, and the Northeast one-quarter of the Northeast one-quarter of Section Thirty one, in Township Nineteen North of Range Eighteen East, M. D. B. and M., containing about 120 acres, at the agreed price of $150, on which there has been paid $30 and interest.

Fourth—An undivided one-half interest in the Northwest one-quarter of the Southeast one-quarter and the Southeast one-quarter of the Northeast one-quarter of Section Thirty-one, Township Nineteen North, Range Eighteen East, M. D. B. and M., containing about eighty acres,

Bids or offers, in writing, will be received and may be left at the office of T. V. Julien, Esq., Attorney at Law, Reno, Nevada.

Terms and conditions of sale, Cash, in Gold Coin of the United States; 10 per cent of the purchase money to be paid to the undersigned by the intending purchaser on receiving a notice of the acceptance of bid; balance on confirmation of sale by said District Court.

MARGARET FOULKS,
Administratrix of the Estate of John P. Foulks, deceased.
W. E. F. DEAL,
Attorney for Administratrix.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT Court, for Washoe County, State of Nevada

In the matter of the Estate of Amanda E. Boyd, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, was, on the 12th day of June, 1897, duly appointed by the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of Nevada, for Washoe county, Administrator of the estate of Amanda E. Boyd, deceased. All claims against said deceased must be filed with the necessary vouchers, with the Clerk of said Court, within sixty days after the first publication hereof.

Dated June 12, 1897.

CALVIN CONN.
Administrator of said estate.

CITY ORDINANCE.

No 43.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF Reno do ordain as follows:

Section 1. From and after the 1st day of April, 1897, the salary of the County Clerk of Washoe county, as ex-Officio City Clerk of the City of Reno, shall be twenty dollars per month, to be allowed and paid as other claims against the city of Reno

Adopted and passed by the City Council May 10 1897. R. S. OSBURN,
Attest: President of the City Council.
F. B. Proctor, City Clerk. 5-12tf

PEOPLE'S RESTAURANT!

E. S. LIEVRE, formerly of the Palace, has opened the ROYAL RESTAURANT on Virginia street, formerly run by W. T. Craig as the Nevada Restaurant.

Wine Dinner Every Sunday for 25c

FRESH OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE AT ALL TIMES.

Polite and attentive Waiters.
Public patronage solicited.

SPECIAL SALE.

Coronado Natural Mineral Water,

Case containing 50 quart bottles, $7. Allowance for return of case and bottles delivered at store, $1 25. Net cost, $5 75 per case. Cheapest and best water now on the market

H. J. THYES, State Agent.

Choicest Wines and Liquors,

By the flask, bottle or gallon, Better goods at lower prices than any store in the city.

A. B. C. St. Louis Bottled Beer

A SPECIALTY.

First Class Bar. Hot Lunch Daily

The Struggling Young Author.

"I have always read, and always with interest," said the struggling young author, "what literary men had to say concerning their habits of work. In many cases productiveness appears to depend upon mood—sometimes a man can write and sometimes he can't. A man feeling in condition can do any sort of work, no doubt, better than when he is out of condition, but a man may be mistaken in himself. I find that it is a good thing to make a beginning.

"[illegible] effects of making a big [illegible] enough to disperse clouds that [illegible] heavy, but which are [illegible] more time, and the [illegible] which [illegible] to [illegible] that you had thought [illegible] from room, and were [illegible] waiting [illegible] to be called."—New York Sun.

A Coincidence.

"The man who brought this in," remarked the editor's assistant as he unrolled half a yard of manuscript, "told me confidentially that he needed the money for it."

"Yes," was the melancholy answer, "it's a strange fact that the longest poems seem almost invariably to be written by the shortest poets."—Washington Star.

BEAUTIFUL FLORENCE.

A City Praised For Its Good Manners and Harmonious Surroundings.

If I wished to teach an awkward child, youth or girl good manners by example, I should send him or her to Florence, says a writer to Truth (London). There may be ill mannered persons there, but I never saw one. Poor people behave with the suave dignity which used in England to stamp the lady or gentleman. Most persons are brainy, but cleverness is not eager to shine. It is very subdued and more oily than corrosive. The charm of Florence steals on one like the wit of its clever inhabitants. The senses are soothed in all directions by harmonious manners and objects. Architects understood chiaroscuro not less than the great painters and sculptors. One never wearies of the streets and public buildings. Their aspects constantly and strongly vary, according to the course of the sun. Lights and shades at 10 in the forenoon are wholly different from what they will be at 4 in the afternoon. The Florentine women have interesting though not beautiful faces. But one has only to walk into the market to see country girls who would have done for models for Raphael's Virgin mothers. One is struck in the galleries with the nice judgment with which the pictures are hung. What more lofty in sentiment than the tomb of Lorenzo de' Medicii Loftiness is an attribute of Florentine architecture, palatial or domestic. The doors of private houses might pass in England for portals. One feels them to be great facts in their way.

Talking of harmonious things reminds me of the Boboli gardens. Is there a spot in England, the land of stately and lovely seats, that at all approaches them? In situation and tranquil, generous loveliness I can only think of one—the Duke of Northumberland's terraced gardens at his place in Surrey. The Boboli Eden, where the Prince and Princess of Naples still court seclusion, has the advantage over the Surrey paradise of being under a revealing sky. Every shade of greenery, every floral hue, is well brought out. One sees the faultless texture of statues and fountains mellowed by time. In so strong a light a well ordered design is required, and one has it. The marbles are the climax. They are to the horticultural beauties as brilliants to the lace and satin of a fine woman's dress.

Florence is not what it was in the grand ducal days. Still, it retains the air of a capital with a long and illustrious history. The ladies' dresses are only provincial when measured by the Paris standard, to which Italian women above the peasant class generally train it—more's the pity. Paris fashions only suit Frenchwomen, unless applied by French hairdressers and femmes de chambre. An English or a German face under a Paris hat or bonnet is at a cruel disadvantage if the hair has not been first dressed by a French artiste capillaire. He places the hat, through the medium of the hair, in harmonious relation with the face. I fancy that French coiffeurs are not much employed by Italian ladies.

Precious Meals.

Almost any dish which had to recommend it rarity, costliness, indigestibility, and, to our way of thinking, nastiness, was sure to take with the Roman epicure. And if he were unable to make it costly any other way he would add powdered precious stones or gold dust. Nero dined on one occasion from a peacock which was sprinkled with diamond dust, and specimens of that bird dressed with gold or with crushed pearls were by no means a rarity at the triclinia of the moneyed Romans. A dish of parrots' tongues was a great delicacy. But a dish of parrots' tongues which had been capable, when in their proper place, of framing words, was of almost incalculable value, which increased in a direct ratio with the vocabularies of the defunct parrots.

Another bird for which the Roman epicure was in the habit of paying fabulous prices was the phenicoptrix, which is believed to have been the ptarmigan. It had its home in the most northerly parts of Scotland and Norway, and as this made it hard to get at the Romans appreciated it all the more and put it in the same rank with ostriches, lizards and peacocks. The tongues of these birds were specially prepared, together with the brains, and took the place which a hors d'œuvre would now take.—New York Post.

Her Point of View.

They were discussing the construction of a new gown.

"From a hygienic point of view and merely as a matter of health," suggested the dressmaker, "I think it should be made"—

The haughty beauty stopped her by a gesture.

"Hygienic point of view!" she exclaimed. "Matter of health! What has that to do with it? When I want health, I will go to a doctor. When I want style, I come to you. We will now eliminate all [illegible] and discuss this [illegible] common sense standpoint. Will [illegible] and becoming?"—Philadelphia Times.

Hot Milk as Nutriment.

If any one doubts the nourishing properties of milk, let a test be made of the following preparation of it: When very weary or [illegible] from exhaustion, heat [illegible] the scalding point, until a [illegible] begins to wrinkle upon the [illegible] then drink it as hot as [illegible] almost instantly and [illegible] vitality to a [illegible] as it is taken. [illegible] than any of the best [illegible] ex-[illegible]

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day, soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Write for our book, with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 3,000 references.

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